Airmic Live



A Leader's toolkit: mental health in the workplace







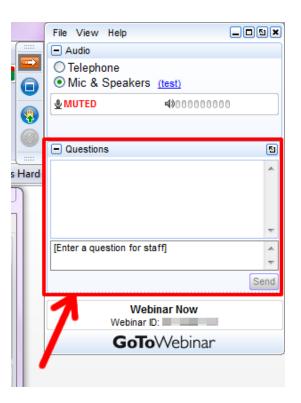


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How to ask questions during the webinar

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If the console is not visible, click the orange arrow to expand it







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The case for action

Work related stress and mental ill health claims are increasing

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We know there is a four-fold reason for organisations to protect staff's mental health: moral, reputational, economic and legal.

Key facts



Work-related ill health cases (new or long-standing) in 2018/19 Source: Estimates based on self-reports from the Labour Force Survey, people who worked in the last 12 months



injury in 2018/19 Source: Estimates based on self-reports from the Labour Force Survey



Working days lost due to workrelated ill health and non-fatal workplace injuries in 2018/19

Source: Estimates based on self-reports from the Labour Force Survey



Work-related stress, depression or anxiety cases (new or longstanding) in 2018/19

Source: Estimates based on self-reports from the Labour Force Survey, people who worked in the last 12 months



Non-fatal injuries to employees reported by employers in 2018/19 Source: RIDDOR

Lung disease deaths each year

estimated to be linked to past

Source: Counts from death certificates and

estimates from epidemiological information

exposures at work



million

Work-related musculoskeletal

disorder cases (new or long-

Source: Estimates based on self-reports

from the Labour Force Survey, people who

standing) in 2018/19

worked in the last 12 months

Fatal injuries to workers in 2018/19

Source: RIDDOR



Mesothelioma deaths in 2017. with a similar number of lung cancer deaths linked to past exposures to asbestos

Source: Counts from death certificates and estimates from epidemiological information



Annual costs of new cases of work-related ill health in 2017/18, excluding long latency illness such as cancer

Source: Estimates based on HSE Costs to Britain Model



Annual costs of workplace injury in 2017/18

Source: Estimates based on HSE Costs to Britain Model



Annual costs of work-related injury and new cases of ill health in 2017/18, excluding long latency illness such as cancer

Source: Estimates based on HSE Costs to Britain Model

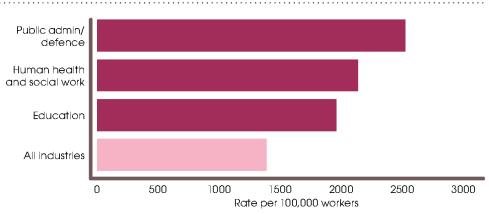


Work-related stress, depression or anxiety

602,000 Workers suffering from work-related stress, depression or anxiety (new or long-standing) in 2018/19

246,000 Workers suffering from a new case of work-related stress, depression or anxiety in 2018/19

12.8 million Working days lost due to work-related stress, depression or anxiety in 2018/19 Industries with higher than average rates of stress, depression or anxiety, averaged 2016/17-2018/19



Stress, depression or anxiety per 100,000 workers: new and long-standing

Shaded area represents a

95% confidence interval

No ill health data was collected in 2002/03

and 2012/13, represented by a dashed line

was broadly flat but has shown signs of increasing in recent years. Working days lost per worker due to self-reported workrelated stress, depression or anxiety shows no clear trend. Workload, lack of support, violence, threats or bullying and changes at work are estimated to be the main causes of work-related stress. depression or anxiety based

The rate of self-reported

work-related stress, depression or anxiety

Estimates of work-related stress, depression or anxiety are based on self-reports from the Labour Force Survey (LFS).

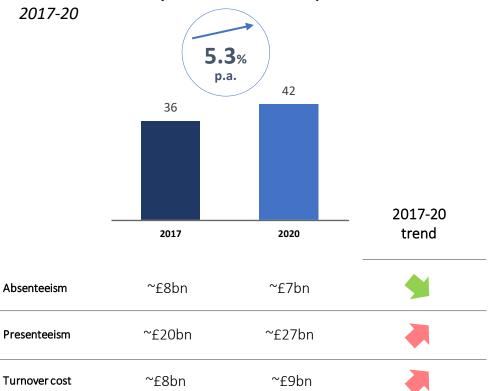
on 2009/10-2011/12 LFS data.

To find out the story behind the key figures, visit <u>www.hse.gov.uk/</u> statistics/causdis

The cost of poor mental health in the workplace is high and rising

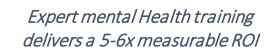
The economic cost of mental ill health continues to rise

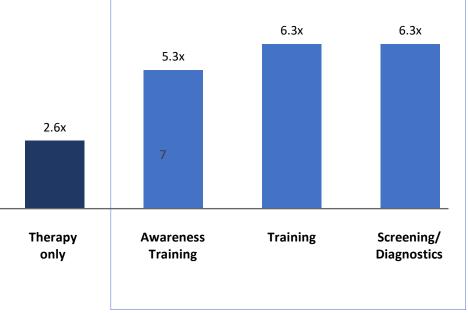
Cost to UK economy of mental ill health p.a., £bn



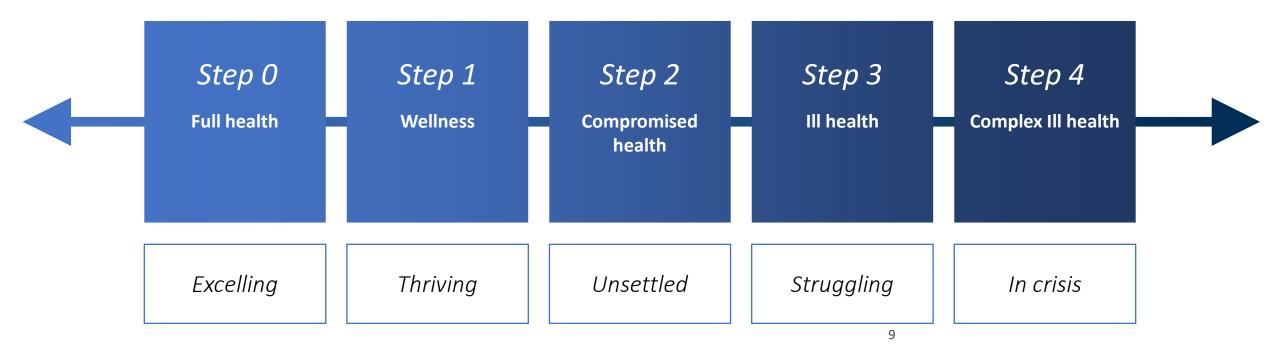
High quality training represents the most cost effective corporate response

Return on investment of different corporate mental health interventions Average ROI, 2020



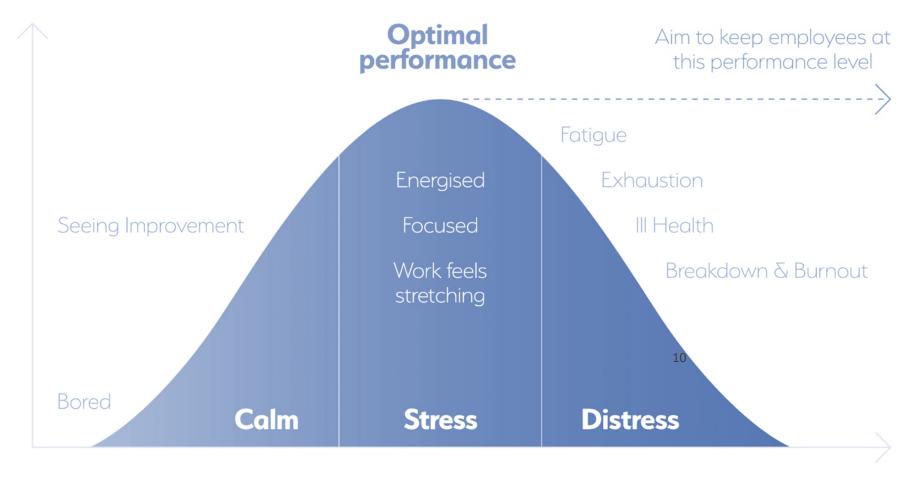


Continuum of mental health and wellbeing



What to look out for

Performance



Stress

US

Cluster analysis of behaviour and attitudes in the April 2020 lockdown

(IPSOS MORI and Kings College London)

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US

Cluster analysis of behaviour and attitudes in the April 2020 lockdown

(IPSOS MORI and Kings College London)

"The Accepting" (48%)	"The Resisting" (8%)	"The Suffering" (44%)
59% male	64% male	36% male
Mean age of 50	Mean age of 44	Mean age of 29
8% more anxious and depressed	58% more anxious and depressed	93% more anxious and depressed
12% Sleeping worse	54% Sleeping worse	64% Sleeping worse
48% checking social media	66% checking social media	64% checking social media
94% following rules all the time	49% following rules all the time	¹² 99% following rules all the time
28% financial risk	65% financial risk	47% financial risk
12% drinking more alcohol	39% drinking more alcohol	23% drinking more alcohol

US

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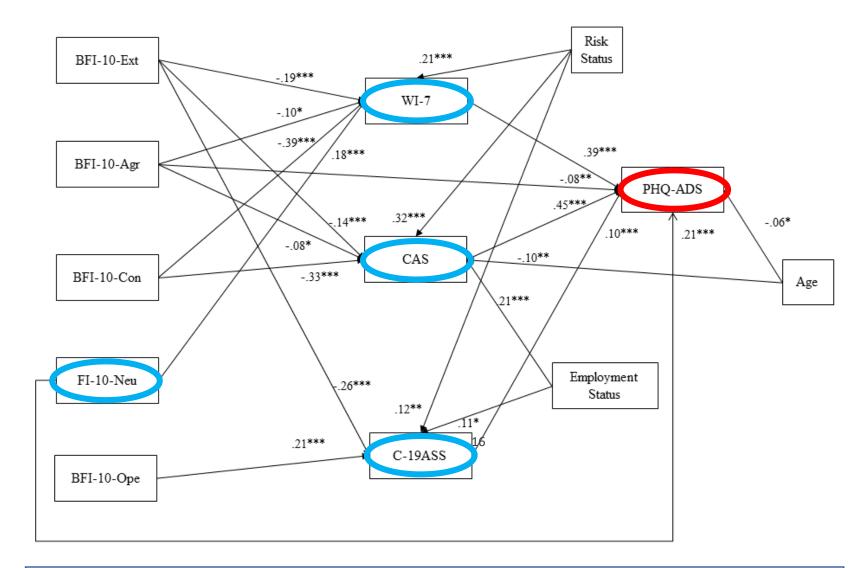
US

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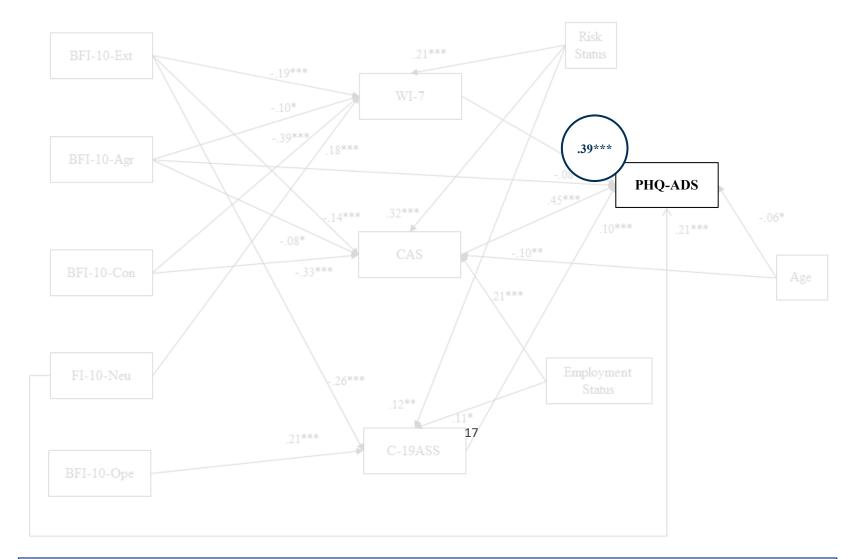
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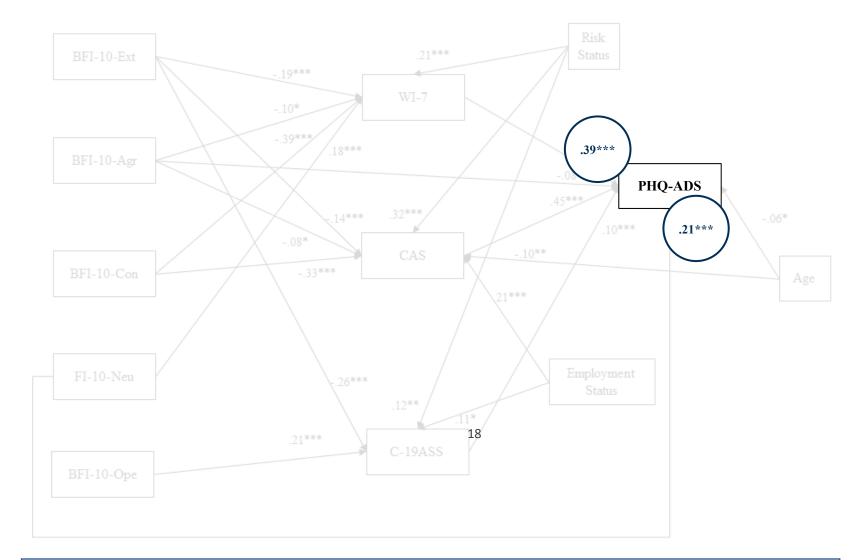
Mental health: magnification of anxiety and depressive symptoms during the pandemic



Mental health: magnification of anxiety and depressive symptoms during the pandemic – Health anxiety



Mental health: magnification of anxiety and depressive symptoms during the pandemic -Neuroticism



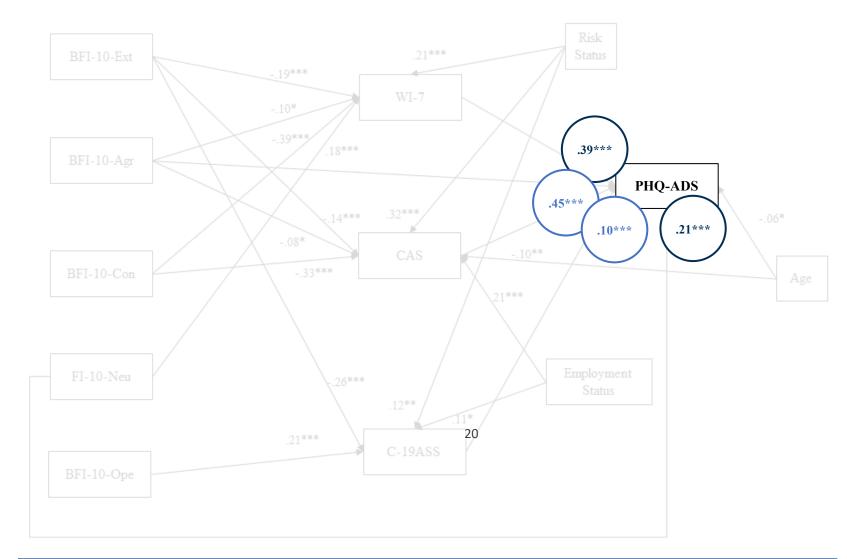
Mental health: magnification of anxiety and depressive symptoms during the pandemic – COVID-19

anxiety

.39*** 18*** **PHQ-ADS** .45*** .21*** .26*** 19 .21***

Mental health:

magnification of anxiety and depressive symptoms during the pandemic – **COVID-19 anxiety syndrome**



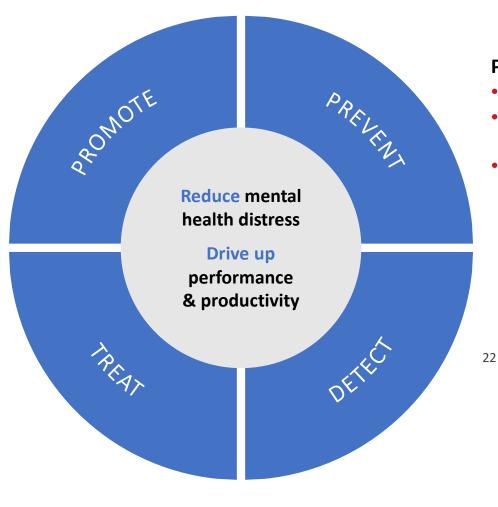
Framework for pre-claims landscape

Health and Wellness Promotion

- Stress Prevention
- Relapse Management
- Wellness Action Plans
- Resilience Management

Evidence based interventions and treatment

- Right treatment, right time, right clinician
- Specialist clinical support to recovery



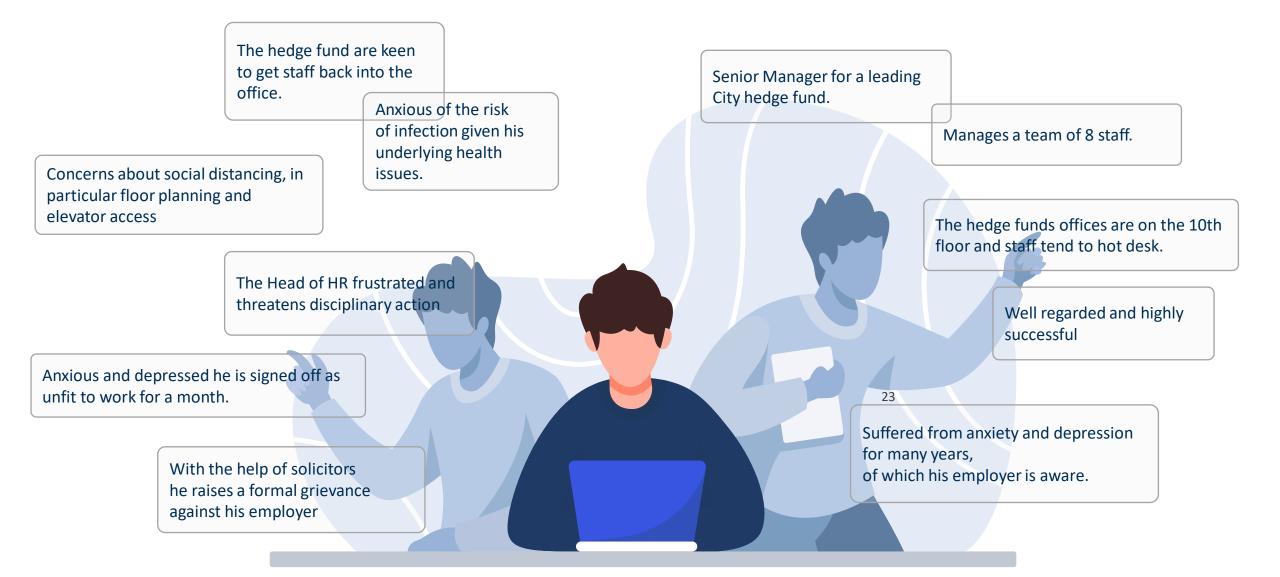
Prevent, Education, Support

- Mental health Awareness
- HR/Employment law legal health check
- Specialist skills workshops

Mental Health and Wellbeing Screening

- Early identification of employees at risk of compromised mental health
- Wellbeing Analysis

Case Study: Employer dealing with senior executive suffering from anxiety who refuses to return to work due to Covid-19



Mental health and employment law – the key considerations

- Mental health and the protection this affords employees and workers under the Equality Act 2010
- Assessing what reasonable adjustments ought to be made in relation to employees and workers suffering from mental health issues compliant with an organisation's obligations under the Equality Act 2010
- Handling complaints from employees and workers suffering from anxiety which is Covid-19 related

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- Handling complaints in the workplace relating to anxiety and stress
- Handling capacity dismissals
- Managing short and long term absenteeism due to mental health issues

Claims to which employers are exposed if they get it wrong

25

- Discrimination claims pursuant to the Equality Act 2010 including harassment
- Unfair dismissal
- Automatic unfair dismissal for health and safety/ whistleblowing reasons.
- Constructive dismissal
- Psychiatric illness

Case Study: Employer dealing with senior executive suffering from anxiety who refuses to return to work due to Covid-19



Managing the risk and legal defensibility

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- Financial and economic challenges
- Risk identification measures
- Managing the risk
- Practical support around implementation
- Legal Issues and defensibility



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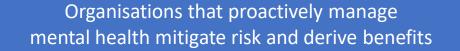
We all have mental health problems – people's mental health will go up and down in life – and having poor mental health for a time isn't something that should be criticised or stigmatised. I think good mental health is reflected in really mature, really active and good handling of these problems.

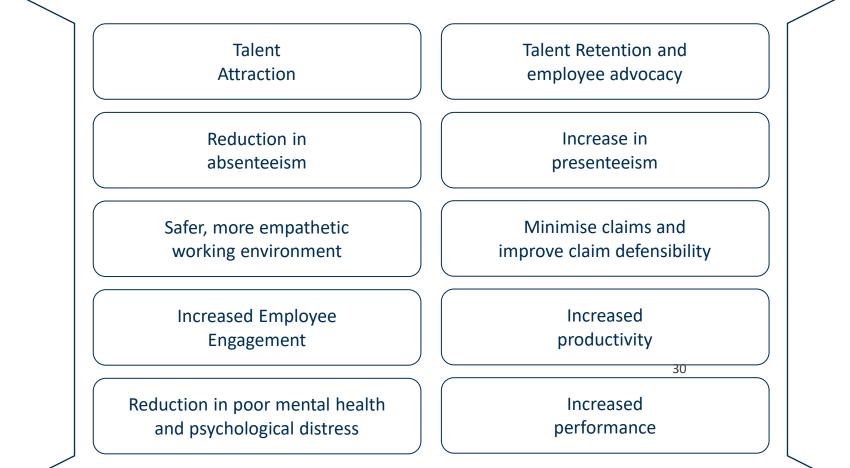
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77 Professor Dame Carol Black

The complete risk, rehab and legal toolkit

Wellness Maintenance and Promotion, Compliance Treatment Legal Support and Defensibility \ Ö / Mitigate & Support Detect Treat Promote **Detection & Early** Wellness Access to treatment Legal Support Intervention Maintenance and Promotion Online self-guided CBT Handling Grievances Legal Health Check **Specialist Mental Health** Access to Evidence based **HR & Legal Review** Managing dismissals Training: Webinars and therapy* All staff Mental Health Pulse check **Defending employment** Workshops tribunal proceedings Legal support for HR through surveys Specialist Legal skills treatment Strategic HR advice and workshops support Legal defensibility training





JVEI

EMPLO

BENEFITS

ORGANISATIONAL BENEFITS

Further information

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Case Study – Employer dealing with senior executive suffering from anxiety who refuses to return to work due to Covid-19

- John is employed as a senior Manager for a leading City hedge fund. He manages a team of 8 staff.
- He is well regarded and highly successful in his role.
- John has underlying health issues though. He has suffered from anxiety and depression for many years, of which his employer is aware.
- What wellness maintenance, relapse management or wellness action plan support was in place? Anxiety Disorders are Depressive disorders are treatable conditions contextual and dynamic, mitigate long term/chronic conditions with effective to •
- With lockdown starting to ease, the hedge fund are keen to get staff back into the office.
- What consultation and/or engagement was done?
- Did they do an early identification of Covid19 anxiety and broader mental health audit. The Company's Head of HR e mails John to say he is required to come in given his level of seniority, client facing role and management responsibilities.
- John writes back to HR and says he is reluctant to do so. What were the early warning signs that lapse or relapse in terms of behaviour, performance, working patters etc- were they picked up by manager or colleagues? Did they have the relevant training
- He says he is very anxious of the risk of infection given his underlying health issues. A Zoom call follows between the two. During this call, John cites specific concerns about social distancing, in particular floor planning and elevator access. Was an assessment offered to understand nature of difficulties, reluctance and whether psychologically driven, so can be offered treatment. (or can be resolved via practical adjustments – staggered start, further understanding of health and safety etc). The hedge funds offices are on the 10th floor and all staff tend to hot desk.
- The Head of HR becomes increasingly frustrated by John's continuing reluctance to come in. He angrily tells John that he is being 'paranoid' What Training • for HR Professionals in understanding mental health, how best to support and how to have difficult conversations was provided? What Leadership Training in Mental Health was provided? and if he is not prepared to come into the office then the company will have to consider disciplinary action missed opportunity to resolve informally with specialist support as opposed to performance/misconduct immediately against him, including dismissal. John is very upset by this and abruptly terminates the call.
- Spiralling into anxiety and depression, John goes to see his GP who signs him off as unfit to work for a month. He submits his sick certificate to HR. What support was offered – did it Trigger a review and signpost to OH or Psychological Treatment (in line with NICE guidance) With the help of solicitors he raises a formal grievance against his employer
- As a valued and highly productive member of staff the company are keen to resolve matters and get John back to work.



This will be the story from which we do the

Case Study – Employer dealing with senior executive suffering from anxiety who refuses to return to work due to Chisidill Be the story

from which we do the

Intervention and Treatment Plan:

- Employment law advice sought
- Specialist legal and HR advice provided in relation to:
 - How to handle grievance
 - Developing strategy for resolving grievance
 - Identifying strategy to achieve a swift return to work
- Organisation commits to Mental Health Training for Senior Leaders
- Communication strategy to highlight support and signposting for appropriate evidence based treatment and wellness maintenance
- Organisation commits to Mental Health and Wellbeing Audit

Results

Q&A case study

- Grievance fully investigated and resolved
- Employee returned to work after 4 weeks
- Up to date medical report obtained to better understand John's mental health issues
- Reasonable adjustments identified
- home working 3 days a week
- 2 days in the office to oversee team
- Own office provided away from the open plan area
- Staggered work arrival and departure to avoid peak commuting time and lift congestion
- Increase in productivity and loyalty

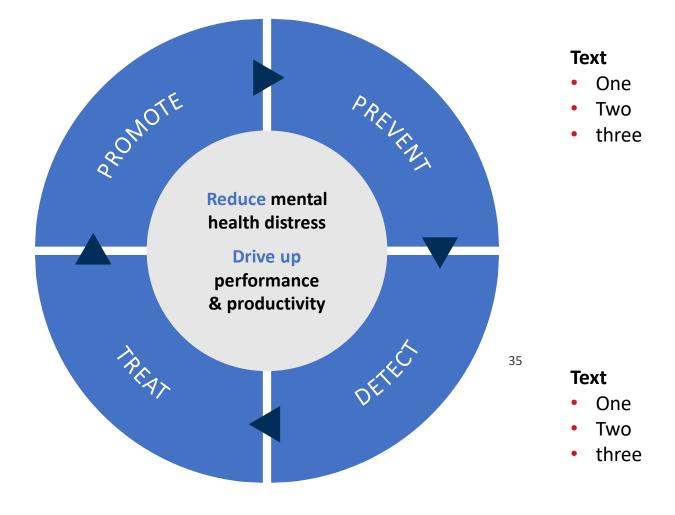




Framework for pre-claims landscape

Text

- One
- Two
- three



Text

- One
- Two
- three

Question & Answer





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Thank you for Attending!

Please join us for the next Airmic LIVE on 3rd February when we will examine the next of Airmic's periodic Pulse Surveys of market conditions





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Digital Event Series