

## How can AI change the risk landscape for businesses and their insurers?

Airmic 2019 – Monday 3 June (abridged)



### Agenda

What is AI QBE's experience of Machine Learning Looking to the future Exponential growth in data

Insurance and risk landscape



### Victor Hu Head of Data Science

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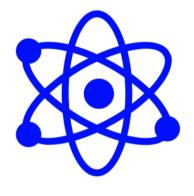


Big data is like teenage sex: everyone talks about it, nobody really knows how to do it, everyone thinks everyone else is doing it, so everyone claims they are doing it...

Dan Ariely, Duke University







### **Data Science**



### **Machine Learning**





# Applications in everyday life

### An example of Machine Learning



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### Machine Learning at QBE

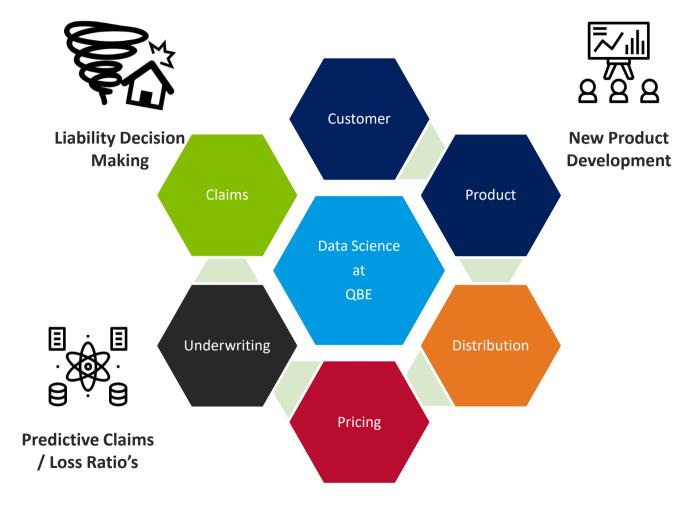




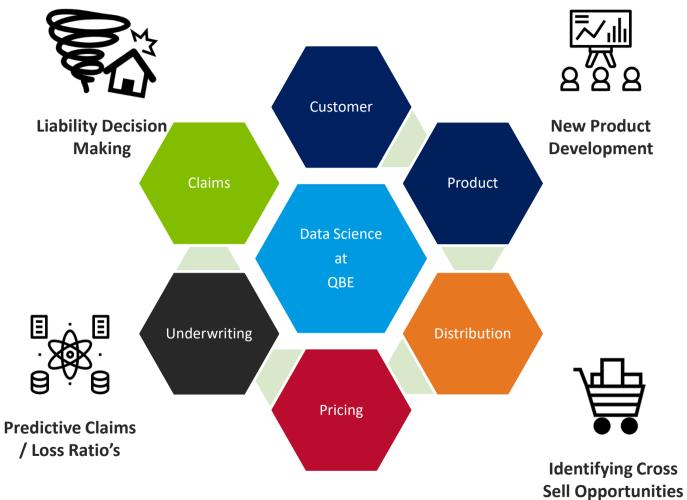








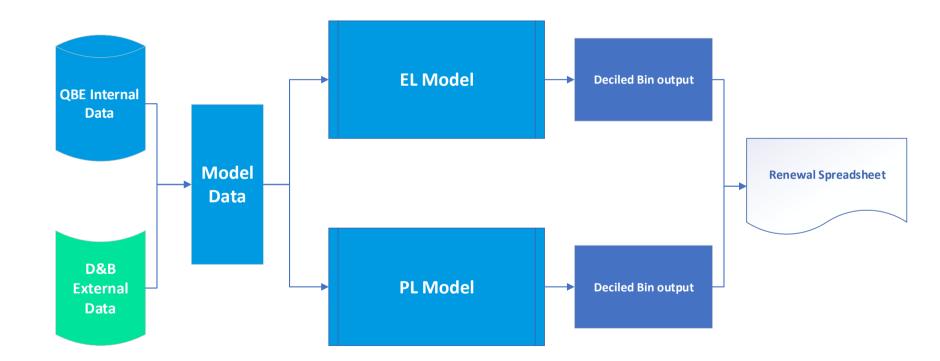




### Case Studies

### **Risk Selection Case Study – UK Casualty**





#### Fraud Detection using Text – Named Entity Recognition



In 1917, Einstein applied the general theory of relativity to model the large-scale structure of the universe. He was visiting the United States when Adolf Hitler came to power in 1933 and did not go back to Germany, where he had been a professor at the Berlin Academy of Sciences. He settled in the U.S., becoming an American citizen in 1940. On the eve of World War II, he endorsed a letter to President Franklin D. Roosevelt alerting him to the potential development of "extremely powerful bombs of a new type" and recommending that the U.S. begin similar research. This eventually led to what would become the Manhattan Project. Einstein supported defending the Allied forces, but largely denounced using the new discovery of nuclear fission as a weapon. Later, with the British philosopher Bertrand Russell, Einstein signed the Russell-Einstein Manifesto, which highlighted the danger of nuclear weapons. Einstein was affiliated with the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, New Jersey, until his death in 1955.

Tag colours:

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### Dangers of Al

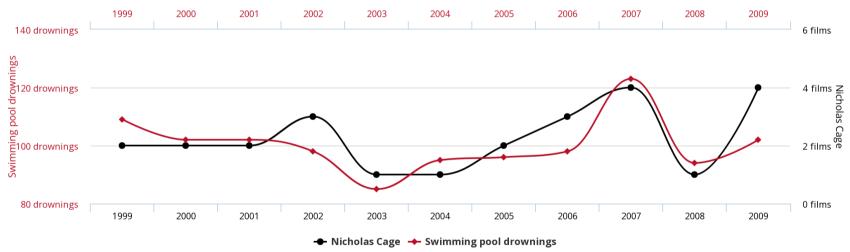
Spurious correlations Ethics

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### Number of people who drowned by falling into a pool correlates with

Films Nicolas Cage appeared in

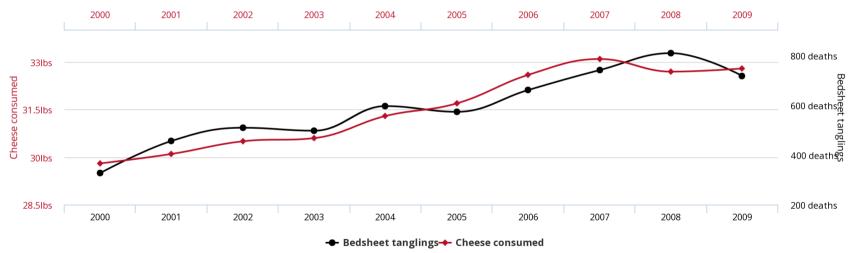


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### Per capita cheese consumption correlates with

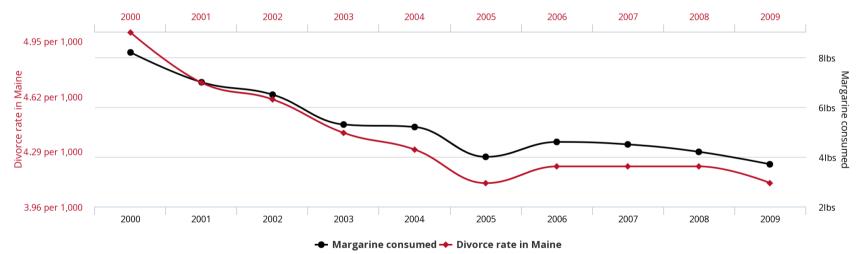
Number of people who died by becoming tangled in their bedsheets



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#### **Divorce rate in Maine** correlates with **Per capita consumption of margarine**



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### MIT Technology Review



**Artificial Intelligence** 

### Microsoft's neo-Nazi sexbot was a great lesson for makers of Al assistants

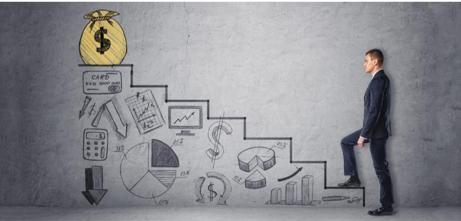


### 'Big Brother': Al pioneer fears China's use of technology for surveillance and control



### Challenges to consider

- Must generate real **benefits** (trackable)
- Technology to build and deploy models
- Clear ability to execute necessary process change
- Data sufficient volume, quality and understood (data champion)
- Business sponsorship
- Resourcing both data scientists and business SMEs (virtual team)
- Reuse and scalability

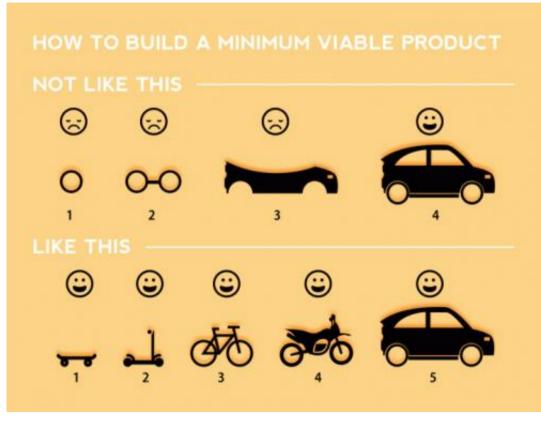






### Focus is on:

- agile/speed
- iterative/fail fast





### Phil Dodridge Head of Business Intelligence and Distruption

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## Into the



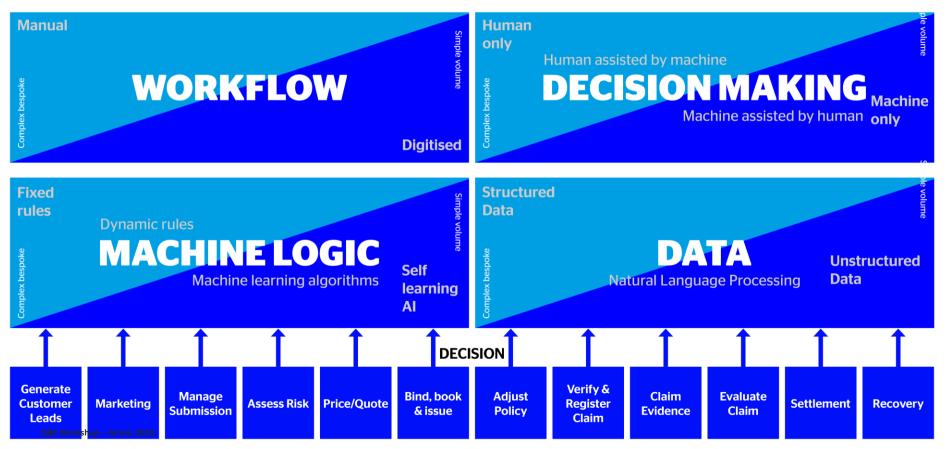
We stand on the brink of technological revolution that will fundamentally alter the way we live, work and relate to one another. In its scale, scope and complexity, the transformation will be unlike anything humankind has experienced before.

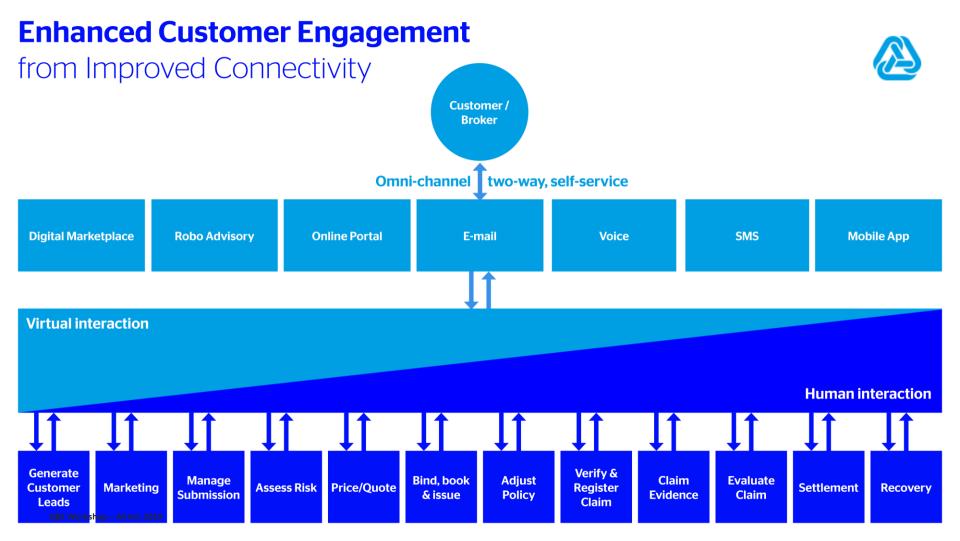
Klaus Schwab Founder and Executive Chairman, World Economic Forum 2016

### **Enhanced Customer Service**

### from Machine Driven Automation









## Number of YouTube videos watched per day worldwide is 5 billion



## Number of emails sent and received per day worldwide is 270 billion



## Number of Google searches per minute worldwide is 900,000



## Number of text messages sent per minute worldwide is 10 million



## Number of tweets sent per hour worldwide is 500 million



**Question 6 (Tie Breaker)** 

## How many uber rides booked per day worldwide?

## What examples of new data have you used to help understand a company's risks better?



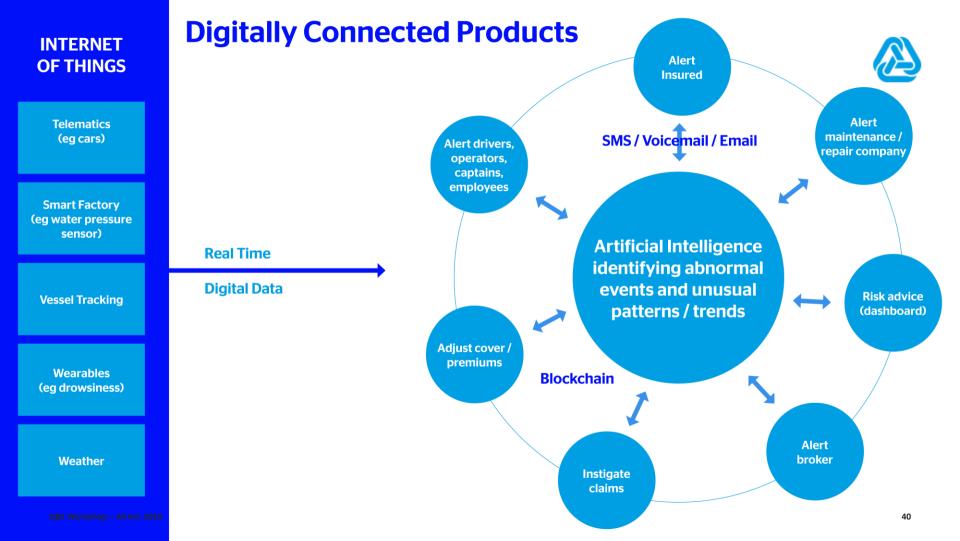
### in everyday life



#### Examples of IoT in the workplace

- Belt to monitor manual handling eg lifting, jumping; one belt has over 25 sensors
- Motor telematics via mobile phone that is nearly as accurate as a hard wired Black Box
- Wearable wrist band monitoring fatigue eg for construction or transportation workers
- On-site risk inspections using mobile technology
- Water pump sensors vibration, temperature, noise, power consumption, water pressure, water flow
- Real time tracking of parcels/shipments location, temperature, humidity
- Real time monitoring of performance of machinery eg engines/turbines/trains; hundreds of sensors
- Cameras detecting dangerous behaviour eg standing too close to train platform

### What use of IoT are you seeing in the workplace?





## Will machine intelligence surpass human intelligence by 2050?

### a) Yes b) No



Moore's Law is a computing term coined by Intel co-founder Gordon Moore in 1965; the simplified version of this law states that processor speeds, or overall processing power for computers doubles every two years.

Steps (m)     Steps (n       1
2 3   3 4   4 3   5 10   6 33   7 64   8 124   9 256   10 513   11 1,024   12 2,044   13 4,099   14 8,193   15 16,384
3 4   4 4   5 10   6 32   7 64   8 123   9 256   10 512   11 1,024   12 2,044   13 4,099   14 8,192   15 16,384
4     3       5     10       6     32       7     64       8     123       9     256       10     512       11     1,024       12     2,044       13     4,099       14     8,192       15     16,384
5     10       6     32       7     64       8     122       9     256       10     512       11     1,024       12     2,044       13     4,099       14     8,192       15     16,384
6     33       7     64       8     124       9     256       10     511       11     1,024       13     4,094       14     8,195       15     16,384
7     64       8     123       9     256       10     511       11     1,024       13     4,096       14     8,195       15     16,384
8     123       9     256       10     517       11     1,024       12     2,044       13     4,099       14     8,199       15     16,384
9     256       10     511       11     1,024       12     2,044       13     4,099       14     8,199       15     16,384
10     51:       11     1,02:       12     2,04:       13     4,09:       14     8,19:       15     16,38:
11     1,024       12     2,044       13     4,094       14     8,195       15     16,384
12     2,044       13     4,090       14     8,192       15     16,384
13     4,090       14     8,192       15     16,384
14 8,192 15 16,384
15 16,384
16 22.70
16 32,768
17 65,536
18 131,072
19 262,144
20 524,28
21 1,048,576
22 2,097,152
23 4,194,304
24 8,388,608
25 16,777,216
26 33,554,432
27 67,108,864
28 134,217,728
29 268,435,450
30 536,870,912

#### Exponential change - what does this really look like?

43

- 13 times around the world

#### LAW OF ACCELERATING RETURNS

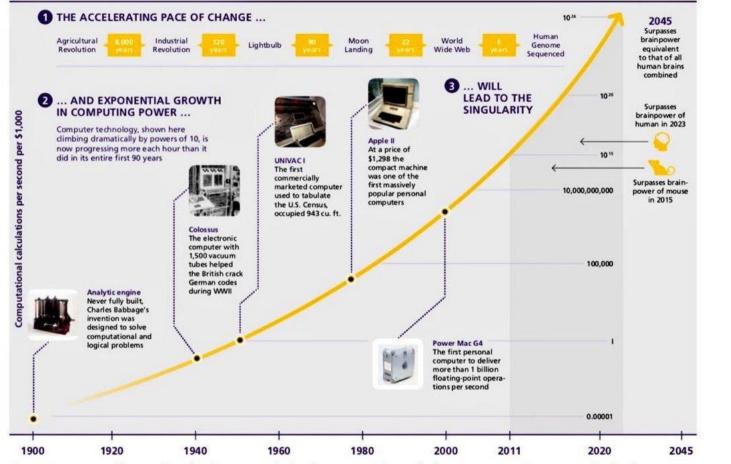


Figure 12: Ray Kurzweil's Law of Accelerating Returns depicts the exponential growth of computer processing power and technology innovations throughout history, and anticipates computers will exceed human intelligence in the future; Source: TIME / Wikipedia



source dhl via @mikequindazzi

### It's insurance, but not as we know it...

# Made possible

Any questions?